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ROLE OF PANCHKARMA (REPEATED SAMSHODHAN) IN MANAGEMENT OF PSORIASIS: A CASE STUDY

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ABSTRACT

Broadly all the diseases of skin come under the umbrella of *kustha*. In ayurvedic text *kustha* is explained beautifully in *charaka samhita*. Characteristics of *ekkustha* merely resembles to psoriasis. Psoriasis is an immune mediated disease which mistakenly sends out faulty signals for a normal skin assuming it as a pathogen which causes overproduction of new skin cells. Fortunately it is a non-contagious inflammatory skin disease. Psychological stress is one of the major triggering factors in the exacerbation of the disease. Ayurveda is a holistic approach particularly correcting the root cause through *shodhana* (*panchkarma*). While explaining the treatment for *kustha*, *acharya chakarapani* explains repetitive *shodhana karma* to be done on regular intervals to cure the disease. Hence a single case of *ekkustha* was given *shodhana karma* (*vaman*, *virechan*) followed by *shirodhara* in form of *takradhara* at regular interval to access the effect of different procedures. Different assessment criteria were used to monitor the improvements. There was significant relief in the scaling, discolouration of skin, elevated patches & redness of the skin lesion which explains that detoxification of the body reduces the inflammatory condition of the body by bringing back the normalcy of the *dosha* in the body.

Keywords: *Kusth*a, Psoriasis, Detoxification, *Ayurveda*, *Shodhana karma*.

INTRODUCTION

Any changes in the skin, affects the person both mentally and physically. Psoriasis is a long lasting autoimmune disease which consist of sharply defined, slightly elevated bright red papules or plaques covered with dry silvery scales over the skin and therefore it not only affects the physical well being of a person but also affect his mental and social peace. [1] Most of the drugs used in psoriasis provide only a temporary relief but *ayurveda* especially *panchkarma* stands strongly with a positive result. Ayurveda, diagnose it

as ekakustha which is vatakapha predominant kshudrakushta. Vitiation of vatakapha dosha causes aruna varna, kharta, rukshata, kandu and scales resembling matsya shakala. ^[2]This condition can be associated with psoriasis. There are seven factors involved in pathogenesis of kustha, as per charak samhita these are vata, pitta, kapha, tvak, rakta, mansa, ambu (saptko draya sangraha). Kustha is considered as raktaja roga and hence the factors responsible for rakta dusti are also considered in the etiology of

kustha. Along with it virudha ahara, mithya ahara is also considered as causative factor for causing disease. A single case study was conducted on a patient to see the effect of samsodhan (repetitive purification) in psoriasis.

Case Report

A 19 years old girl patient with psoriasis came to OPD of Department of *Panchkarma*, Gurukul Campus and Hospital(OPD: 341 IPD: 11790). She had scaling and dryness in the scalp with mild itching since 4 years. She also had red scaly patches & plaques over her stomach, back, hands, legs and thighs. There was no history of fever, joint pain, discharge, burning and pain over the sight of patches. Patient has taken many allopathic medications like corticosteroids but there was only temporary symptomatic relief.

Vitals were normal. Appetite & bowel were normal but her sleep was disturbed. There was no significant family history of the patient. Psychological history suggests of her over-thinking nature and she is sometimes depressed due to cosmetic reasons and feels inferior.

Dashvidha pariksha

Prakriti :vatakaphaj
Vikrtiiti :vatakapha
Sara :madhyam
Samhanan :madhyam
Pramana :madhyam

6. Satva :alpa

7. Satmaya :sarva ras satmaya

8. Aharashakti :madhyam 9. Vyayama shakti :madhyam 10. Vaya :madhyam

Asthavidha pariksha

1. Nadi vata pittaj

2. Mutra samanya mutra pravriti 5-6 time /day

3. Mala samanya

• once /day

• no foul smell

semisolid consistency

4. Jivha niram

5. Shabda samanya

6. Sparsh ruksha twak

7. Drik samanya pandu –ve

8. Akriti madhyam

On dermal examination:

- There was a wide spread round shaped erythematous scaly patches affecting the trunk, limbs and scalp with thickening of the skin.
- There was mild swelling and itching on nearby areas of the patches.

PASI (Psoriasis Area Severity Index) [3] score was recorded on regular intervals to access the improvement of the affected area.

Before treatment: PASI Score (psoriasis area severity index) as shown in table number 1

Table 1

Plaque characteristics	Head	Upper limbs	Trunk	Lower limb
Erythema	1	3	3	3
Thickness	1	3	3	3
Scaling	1	2	3	3

Lesion score: 0-none, 1-slight, 2-moderate, 3-severe, 4-very severe

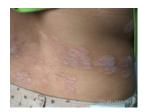


Fig1: picture showing red scaly plaques over the skin on the 1st day Fig1

TREATMENT

Sodhana karma (Purificatory procedures) as shown in table 2.

Table 2: Sodhana karma (Purificatory procedures)

S.No	Date	Procedure	Aushada	Sudhi assessment
1	23/may/2017	Vaman	Madanphala pippali churna 5gm	Vaigiki- 6
		(medicated emesis)	Vacha churna 2 gm	Antiki-pittaant
			Saindhav lavana 5 gm	
			Honey 15 gm	
			(vamanopaga dravya-madhuyasti phanta)	
2	27/july/2017	Virechan	Aragvadha majja 10 gm	Vaigiki- 18
		(medicated purgation)	Haritaki churna 10 gm	Antiki- kaphant
			Erand taila 25ml	
3	26/aug to 1/sep	Takra dhara for 7 days	Amlakimoosta churna for preparation of	
	2017	(pouring medicated buttermilk)	takra	
4	16/nov /2017	Virechan	Haritaki churna 5gm	Vaigiki- 16
		(medicated purgation)	Trivrit churna 10 gm	Antiki- kaphant
			Erand taila 50 ml	
5	20/feb/ 2018-	Takradhara for 15 days	Amlakimoosta churna for preparation of	
	7/mar/2018		takra	
6	17/mar/2018-	Takradhara for 7 days	Amlakimoosta choorna	
	23/mar/2018			

^{*}Snehapan was done prior to shodhana procedure for dissolving the toxins and bringing them to kostha. Then virechan and vaman procedure was done as per ayurvedic text.

Fig 2 Showing changes after proper shodhan.





After treatment

Fig 2

RESULT

Panchkarma is a specific method of treatment popularly practised for the management of many chronic and typical disorders. The patient was observed during the different steps of treatment for the accessing the changes in the skin lesions (skin colour, plaques, itching, scales, erythema) and to access the efficacy of the procedures. In the beginning of the treatment there were slight changes in the skin lesions like redness and scaling was reduced in some percentile hence there was mild progress in the condition. The improvement was slow, gradual and steady, which resulted with positive outcome and great results. Gradu-

ally with proper sitting of *shodhana* at regular intervals, the scaling of skin decreased, plaques were removed by a normal skin with no erythema, no itching and finally lesion disappeared and the normal skin started appearing. The patient was given *takra dhara* in form of external therapy and significant relief was noticed in sleeping pattern and there was marked relief in the stress factor.

Dermatological examination was done on regular intervals and PASI (Psoriasis area severity index) score was taken for assessment parameter of improvement. There were significant decreases in PASI score after shodhana karma (purification therapies).

After treatment PASI score

Plaque characteristics	Head	Upper limbs	Trunk	Lower limb
Erythema	0	1	1	1
Thickness	0	0	0	0
Scaling	0	0	0	0

Lesion score: 0-none, 1-slight, 2-moderate, 3-severe, 4-very severe

DISCUSSION

Health as per ayurvedic text is quoted as "one who have equilibrium in dosha, noramalcy in agni, equilibrium in dhatus, mala and other physiological activities, delighted atma mansa indriya is considered as healthy (swastha). To attain this equilibrium and normalcy in the body samsodhan karma has been explain to detoxify the morbid doshas out of the body. Ekkustha is a vatakapha pradhana vyadhi which is characterised by unhydrosis, fishy silvery scaling along with red patches over the skin. For kapha pradhan disorders vaman karma is the line of treatment, vaman karma is done when kapha is in utklesh avastha (aggravated form), so firstly vaman was done to expel out the kapha henceforth breaking the samprapthi (pathophysiology) of the disease. Vaman karma was followed by virechan karma which is very much indicated in samshristha avastha of vata and kapha dosha and is main purificatory procedure for pitta dosha. Virechan pacifying the morbid pitta and help bhrajak pitta to carry out its function normally hence helping the skin lesions to heal. Psychological stress in one of the main reason to trigger the disease condition and takra dhara reduces the mansika doshas hence reduces the psychological stress, so takra dhara over the forehead was done for 3 sitting to reduce the stress level of the patient.

CONCLUSION

The complete course of *panchakarma* including *vaman*, *virechan*, *shirodhara* etc. is very safe and effective methods in management of psoriasis. And it is helpful in preventing the reoccurrence of the disease. *Panchkarma* was done as per *ayurvedic* text by properly following the *poorva karma* and *paschyat karma* (*samsarjan karma*). This case study re-

viles the effect of repeated *shodhan karma* (panch-karma) in psoriasis. Thus repeated panchkarma should be done with a strategy to manage such diseases. As quoted in *Ayurvedic* texts:

Pakṣātpakṣācchardanān'yabhyupēyānmāsānmāsāt snsannañcāpyadhstāt |

trayahrāt tryahrātnnastataścāvapīnānmāsēṣvastram mōkṣayēt ṣaṭsuṣaṭsu || cakrapāṇī 2

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